

TOGO'S SHIP IS BLOWN UP Loss of Life in Disaster Nearly 600.

MAGAZINE EXPLODED

Fire Started at Midnight
From Unknown Cause.

NONE COULD BE RESCUED

EXPLOSION BLEW OUT PORT
SIDE.

Investigation Now Under Way to De-
termine the Cause — Togo
Not Aboard.

TOKIO, September 12, 2 p.m.—
The navy department announced
that the battleship Mikasa has been
destroyed by fire and the explosion
of her magazine, causing the loss of
599 lives, including men of other
ships who went to the rescue.

The fire started from an unknown
cause at midnight on Sunday night,
September 10. Before the officers
could be rescued the fire reached the
aft magazine, which exploded, blowing
a hole in the port side of the ves-
sel below the water line and causing
the ship to sink.

An investigation is now being held
to determine the cause of the fire.

The Mikasa was a first-class battleship of
15,200 tons displacement. She was built in
England and was launched in 1902. The
battleship was 400 feet long, had a speed of
over 18 knots and carried a crew of 935 of-
ficers and men. She was heavily armored
and carried four 12-inch guns, fourteen 6-
inch guns, twenty 12-pounders and a
number of smaller rapid-fire guns. She had
four submerged torpedo tubes.

In the battle of the Sea of Japan the Mi-
kasa was the heaviest loser of all the Japa-
nese ships, having sixty-three killed and
wounded. She approached nearer to the
Russians than any other battleship.

The Mikasa was also the flagship of Ad-
miral Togo after the great naval battle
fought off Port Arthur on August 10, 1904,
on which occasion the Japanese flagship
also suffered the most, but continued in the
fighting line. On that occasion the Mikasa
had four officers and twenty-nine men killed,
six officers and twenty-nine men severely
wounded, and four officers and twenty-
nine men slightly wounded.

STILL IN THE AIR.

Resignation of Japanese Minister of
Home Affairs.

TOKIO, September 12, 8:30 a.m.—The
resignation of Viscount Yoshikawa, minister
of home affairs, has not been accepted.
The Evangelical Alliance has passed a
resolution that it will not institute suit for
damages for the destruction caused to
churches, schools and missionary houses
during the late rioting in Tokyo.

American Minister Grisco today pre-
sented E. H. Harriman to the emperor.

CONFUSION EXISTED.

Many Injured at Meeting to Condemn
Treaty in Tokyo.

TOKIO, September 12, 8:30 a.m.—A tele-
gram from Osaka that some confusion was
caused among an assemblage that passed
resolutions condemning the peace treaty
by men attempting to force their way into
the building in which the meeting was held.
This attempt resulted in forty persons being
slightly wounded, while one was seriously
hurt. Over twenty speeches were de-
livered to the audience, which numbered
4,000. The city is displaying many hair-
matted white flags. It is reported that
many persons from different parts of the
empire participated in the meeting.

In earlier reports of a mass
meeting at Osaka passed a resolution, end-
ing: "Resolved, That we hope that the humili-
ating peace agreement will be broken and
the government will resign."

HAILED WITH DELIGHT.

Resignation of Chief of Police of Tokio
Pleases People.

TOKIO, September 12, 10:30 a.m.—The
resignation of Shunichi Adachi, chief of
the metropolitan police, is hailed with de-
light here as showing the conciliatory at-
titude of the government.

The Jiji and other local papers advocate
the abolition of the metropolitan police and
the transfer of its authority to the mu-
nicipality. The use of such an independent
institution has, it is believed, died out long
ago, under the constitutional form of gov-
ernment which now exists. This govern-
ment institution was originated at a time when
rebellion against the early Meiji government
was apprehended.

A sweeping reform of the present police
system is now deemed necessary by citi-
zens of the more thoughtful class.

A HOLY WAR

Declared in Two Caucasian Dis-
tricts.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 12.—A
holy war has been proclaimed in the Cau-
casian districts of Zangezur and Jerevan,
where Tartars are massacring the Ar-

menians without distinction of sex or age.
The country is swarming with bands of
Tartars under the leadership of their chiefs.
Many thousands of Tartar horsemen have
crossed the Perso-Russian frontier and joined
the insurgents in destroying Armenian vil-
lages. At the village of Minkend three
hundred Armenians were slaughtered. Dis-
patches say that mutilated children were
thrown to the dogs and that the few sur-
vivors were forced to embrace Islamism in
order to save their lives.

Naphtha firms are cut off from the delivery
of oil fuel to the shipping companies which
are now confronted with the necessity of
suspending their services and discharging
their employees, which would result in leav-
ing thousands with no means of subsistence.
The salt works at Baskunchak have been
obliterated and this will paralyze the fishing in-
dustry.

BATUM, Caucasus, September 12.—There
is growing agitation among the local Mus-
sultans against the Christians. The au-
thorities have seized documents inciting an
outbreak.

AN EMINENT OFFICER.

Gen. Fukushima, Who Will Arrange
Armistice.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

Gen. Fukushima, who has been designated
by Field Marshal Maruyama Oyama to con-
duct the armistice negotiations with Gen.
Linschthoff tomorrow, is one of Japan's most
eminent officers. He served in the early
wars of the present dynasty as a boy offi-

cer, and distinguished himself in the de-
velopment of the Japanese cavalry. He made
a great record at the battle of Ping-Yang,
in the Chinese war, and was second to
Yamagata in command of the Japanese
army, which rendered such signal service
during the advance of the allied armies on
Peking in 1900. During the war he has
held a position somewhat corresponding to
that of chief of staff to Field Marshal
Oyama.

Gen. Yasaumas Fukushima.

INQUIRY RESUMED

Life Insurance Investigation
on in New York.

RANDOLPH ON STAND

STOCK FOR PRUSSIAN GOVERN-
MENT.

Question of Dummy Notes Given by
Marshall, the Mes-
senger.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Inquiry into
the methods pursued by life insurance com-
panies was resumed today by the special
legislative committee appointed for that
purpose at the special session of the legisla-
ture last spring. Today's session was the
fourth held by the committee, and the in-
quiry was resumed where it was broken off
by adjournment on Saturday, when E. D.
Randolph, treasurer of the New York Life
Insurance Company, explained the transac-
tions by which the New York Life disposed
of assets objected to by the Prussian govern-
ment.

Mr. Randolph testified Friday that when
the insurance company had to remove the
stock from its assets it was turned over to
the New York Trust Company as col-
lateral for a loan for which notes were
given by George B. Marshall, a colored
messenger employed by the life insurance
company at \$900 a year. The trust company
was owned by officials of the insurance
company.

Charles E. Hughes, counsel for the in-
vestigating committee, endeavored today
to ascertain what authorized the transac-
tion. Mr. Randolph was asked today to
point out in the minutes of the finance
committee of the New York Life Insurance
Company the record of the sale of the stock.
The committee had no record of any "dummy"
notes given by Marshall or another
messenger employed by the company. Mr.
Randolph declared:

"It is a recognized custom in financial
concerns to have dummy notes. I am
sorry the name of George Marshall has
been brought into ridicule. On this transac-
tion we carried it along for the company
and made an additional \$200,000 for the
policyholder."

The transfer of the Chicago and North-
western stock to the Chicago and North-
western insurance company to the trust com-
pany, which was also forced by the Prussian
government, was also reviewed.

Nothing on Books.

Mr. Randolph said there was no resolu-
tion on the books of the finance committee
of the insurance company referring to the
loan made to Marshall and another em-
ployee named Madison. He stated also that
he did not make any delivery of the cer-
tificates of stock.

He said: "I object to the impression going
abroad that these statements are wrong
from me. We are willing to give all infor-
mation in our power to the committee."
Mr. Randolph said that the sale of the
Chicago and Northwestern stock was re-
corded in the books of the company, and
that the New York Life Insurance Com-
pany received \$1,700,000, which was de-
posited with the New York Security and
Trust Company.

Regarding both the Chicago and North-
western stock and the Chicago, Milwaukee
and St. Paul, Mr. Hughes asked:

"You kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

He replied: "I kept copies of the books of the in-
surance company, didn't you?"

OUT OF THE RACE

Organization Republican
Candidates.

MOSQUITO WAR NOW

BELIEVED CITIZENS WILL HELP
HEALTH AUTHORITIES.

Appeals From the Country Districts
for Assistance—Money and
Supplies Sent.

PHILADELPHIA, September 12.—Chair-
man Miles of the republican city committee
today received letters from the republican
organization candidates for the county of-
fices to be voted for at the November elec-
tion, withdrawing from the ticket.

The candidates who withdrew are: Harry
C. Ransley, candidate for sheriff; John B.
Lukens, candidate for coronor; Hugh Black
and Jacob Wildmore, candidates for coun-
ty commissioners. A special meeting of the
republican city campaign committee will be
held to fill the vacancies caused by the
withdrawals. Ransley is president of select
council and is one of the local republican
leaders.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.

Lukens, Black and Wildmore are ward
leaders and prominent in the councils of the
party. They were nominated by the regular
republican convention held some time pre-
vious to Mayor Weaver's break with the or-
ganization. Since then a committee of
twenty-one citizens has endeavored to se-
cure the nomination of an entire new ticket
for the purpose of procuring reform within
the city.

The city party, a reform or-
ganization, and the democratic party have
announced their opposition to any ticket
that may be named by the organization
republicans.

The committee of twenty-one is composed
of prominent members of the Union League.
Recently a subcommittee was appointed to
confer with a subcommittee of the republi-
can city committee for the purpose of
selecting new candidates for the republican
ticket.